

~~SECRET~~

PAF/125/8/77

फाइल नं०  
File No. PAF/125/8/77 (1)

खण्ड  
Volume

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
PAF-Registry

मंत्रालय  
Ministry

PAF-Registry

विभाग  
कार्यालय

Department  
Office of

दस्तावेज/पत्राचार

# NOTES/CORRESPONDENCE

भाग  
SECTION

विषय  
Subject

को सूचीकृत की गई  
Indexed on

Memorial <sup>for</sup> Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose in Pakistan  
- Papers regarding

प्रारंभिक  
Initials

नियमित क/ख  
Record B  
नियमित क/ख  
Record C. Destroy in

Dec 15 1995

नियमित क/ख  
Record B  
नियमित क/ख  
Record C. Destroy in  
To be noted  
in Sectional Note Book  
4/7/84

66914



पिछले हवाले  
Previous References

बाद के हवाले  
Later References

DECLASSIFIED

*[Handwritten signature]*

125/35/78  
7/125/169/78  
7/125/56/78





Coordination Div.

Ref. D.S. (Lab. Draft)'s note on the P.R.

We have requested the Ministry of Home Affairs for the information required by our Mission in Islamabad.

P.L.L.  
8/12/77

(125/8/77(i))

Q-12325/PAH/17  
8/12

Lab. Draft Div.

D.S. (Lab. Draft)  
8/12

Sumom  
9/12

H.M.  
9/12

P.L.L.

Sr. JPM  
7/13



Dr. N.  
dated

3368

19/7

(Pak & Af)

D-3902-CDN/77  
19/7

MOST IMMEDIATE

Ministry of External Affairs  
(Coordination Division)

....

D. No. 9639.....DS (Pakaf)/77

Dated 20/7 1977

Shri Samar Guha, M.P., during the Debate on Demands for Grants of the External Affairs Ministry in Lok Sabha on June 29, 1977, raised several points regarding the perpetuation of the memory of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose and had made a number of suggestions with financial and other implications. However, the first task is to collect information, documents and other material, wherever freely available, from different countries in the world cutting across the jurisdiction of a number of Territorial Divisions.

2. After collection of accurate information on the various points raised by Shri Guha and the location of documents, material, etc. which will have to be acquired, wherever possible, the financial implications of the project will have to be considered by the Ministry in consultation with the Ministries concerned, especially with the Ministry of Finance for release of funds.

3. However, in the first instance, the Territorial Divisions concerned may take necessary follow-up action to collect accurate information, documents, relics, etc. which are available free, and locate the other obtainable relics which have to be paid for through the help of our Missions concerned and provide them to the Co-ordination Division.

*M. J. T. Kallukaren*

( J.T. Kallukaren )  
Director (Coordination)  
18.7.1977

Pl. put up to  
Dr. D. P. Singh

P. V. Khatt  
19/7/77

JS (PAKAF)

JS (AD)

Pl. 18/7  
14/7  
23/7

JS (Pakaf) 14/7  
21/7

JS (Pakaf) O.R.

Pl. put up all relevant  
info. flyover in-vedichy  
14/7  
23/7

Pl. 22.7.

Pls put up  
26.7.22  
20/7/77

JS (Pakaf)

Pl. 14/7  
23/7

Pl. discuss



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Ministry of External Affairs  
(Coordination Division)

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SUGGESTIONS MADE REGARDING NETAJI SUBHASH CHANDRA BOSE.

The following points were made during the course of the Debate on the Demands for Grants of the Ministry of External Affairs in Lok Sabha on June 29, 1977.

The Foreign Secretary has directed that necessary follow-up action be taken.

Shri Samar Guha blamed the previous Governments for not honouring the "greatest revolutionary of India" Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose and neglecting either to collect his revolutionary relics or preserve them for posterity. He therefore urged FM to do the following things:

- (i) Collect from the archives of Japan, East and West Germany, U.K., USA, Indonesia, Malaysia, Burma, Thailand, Italy and some other countries where, according to him, "there are still many documents and much material connected with other revolutions that were brought about, inspired by the leadership of Netaji". (Lok Sabha Debates, Part II, June 29, 1977, Uncorrected).

- (ii) Rebuild the damaged INA Martyrs Memorial in Singapore built by Netaji in July 1945 and demolished by Mountbatten. According to Shri Guha, the Foreign Minister of Singapore was a man who was a member of the INA and fought with Netaji and, therefore, he suggested that an appeal be made to the Government of Singapore to be allowed to rebuild that monument.

He said that Shri Shah Nawaz Khan had admitted that he had brought part of the demolished monument and left it in his Rawalpindi house. Shri Guha requested the Government to send Shri Shah Nawaz Khan to his home so that those parts of the demolished martyre memorial that he brought from Singapore can be brought to India and reconstructed in a martyrs' memorial in honour of the INA, somewhere in the heart of Delhi.

- (iii) The headquarter building of the Azad Hind Government and the residential quarters of Netaji, according to Shri Guha, are still there in the sea beach of Singapore and, therefore, he urged FM to persuade the Government of Singapore to sell it to us so that we could set up there the headquarters of an Indian Cultural Mission for the whole of South-East Asia.

- (iv) Shri Guha said that there were many places connected with the history of Netaji and INA activities in Malaysia and small plates can be put up to that effect in these places as well as in such other places in Thailand, Indonesia, etc.

*if anyone  
still here!*



- (v) The advance headquarters of the Azad Hind Fauj were, according to Shri Guha, set up at Jarawardi Sugar Estate near Rangoon. That building should be purchased by the Government of India. He added that Gen. Ne Win was an admirer of Netaji and therefore, he thought that there would be no difficulty to find those buildings and buy them.
- (vi) Shri Guha said that Netaji had taken a pledge before the tomb of Bahadur Shah Zafar that after India's liberation the Emperor's remains will be taken back to India and re-buried with national honour. Netaji had also pledged that a mausoleum would be built at Red Fort. Shri Guha wanted FM to fulfil that pledge.
- (vii) Place plaques at places in Peshawar and Kabul where Netaji stayed in the course of his escape from India to Germany.
- (viii) Shri Guha said that Gen. Mac Arthur and Lord Mountbatten's HQs. had made vital enquiries into Netaji's death in an air crash. These reports should be obtained from UK and USA.
- (ix) Gen. Chiang Kai-shek, after occupying Taiwan, had also undertaken an enquiry about a reported air crash at Taihako. This report should also be obtained from the Government of Taiwan.
- (x) Only 3 pages of Lord Mountbatten's diary, according to Shri Guha, were supplied to the Khosla Commission. Even those three pages revealed startling facts that Lord Mountbatten received a report from the British ~~Commission~~ in China that Netaji Subhas Bose did not die in the plane crash. Then the British intelligence sent a report to Mountbatten that he escaped. If the full diary of Lord Mountbatten could be obtained many more startling things would have come to light. (Ibid)
- (xi) Shri Guha said that another tiklish thing came before the Kohsla and Shah Nawaz Commissions and added: "It was an intelligence report to the Government of India that the Russian Ambassador in Kabul and a Russian Vice-Consul in Tehran, both of them publicly admitted in 1946 that Netaji Subhas Bose reached Moscow. This was a report of our Intelligence Wing to the Government of India that was sent from Kabul and Tehran. That is on record and it is with the Khosla Commission as well as the Shah Nawaz Commission. I would request that Hon. Minister to find out whether it can be had from the Government of USSR as to what actually happened because it has been admitted both by Shah Nawaz Commission as well as Khosla Commission that the destination of Netaji was Russia."

*Mallikar*

( J.T. Kallukaren )  
Director (Coordination)  
16.7.1977







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Sh. 204

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By No. 257  
dated

D. No. 2705

MOST IMMEDIATE

26/7

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS  
(Coordination Division)

No.AA/125/40/77

July 23, 1977

Shri Samar Guha, M.P., during the Debate on Demands for Grants of the External Affairs Ministry in Lok Sabha on June 29, 1977, raised several points regarding the perpetuation of the Memory of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose and had made a number of suggestions with financial and other implications. However, the first task is to collect information, documents and other material, wherever freely available, from different countries in the world.

2. After collection of accurate information on the various points raised by Shri Guha and the location of documents, material, etc. which will have to be acquired, wherever possible, the financial implications of the project will have to be considered by the Ministry in consultation with the Ministries concerned, especially with the Ministry of Finance for release of funds.

3. The Mission concerned is requested to take follow-up action, without financial implications, and send their replies to the Co-ordination Division, with copy endorsed to the Territorial Division concerned.

*J. T. Kaliukaren*  
( J.T.KALIUKAREN )  
Director (Coord)

Ambassador/High Commission of India,  
Tokyo/Djakarta/Kuala Lumpur/Rangoon/Singapore/  
Bangkok/Islamabad/Kabul/Bonn/Berlin (GDR)/Rome/London/  
Moscow/Washington.

Copy to :

J S(S)/J S(N&EA)/J S(PAKAF)/J S(AMS)/J S(EE)/  
J S(EW)/J S(AD)/Director(Coord)



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MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS  
(Coordination Division)

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SUGGESTIONS MADE REGARDING NETAJI SUBHASH CHANDRA BOSE

The following points were made during the course of the Debate on the Demands for Grants of the Ministry of External Affairs in Lok Sabha on June 29, 1977.

Shri Samar Guha blamed the previous Governments for not honouring the "greatest revolutionary of India" Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose and neglecting either to collect his revolutionary relics or preserve them for posterity. He therefore urged FM to do the following things:

- (i) Collect from the archives of Japan, East and West Germany, U.K., USA, Indonesia, Malaysia, Burma, Thailand, Italy and some other countries where, according to him, "there are still many documents and much material connected with other revolutions that were brought about, inspired by the leadership of Netaji". (Lok Sabha Debates, Part II, June 29, 1977, Uncorrected).
- (ii) Rebuild the damaged INA Martyrs Memorial in Singapore built by Netaji in July 1945 and demolished by Mountbatten. According to Shri Guha, the Foreign Minister of Singapore was a man who was a member of the INA and fought with Netaji and, therefore, he suggested that an appeal be made to the Government of Singapore to be allowed to rebuild that monument.

He said that Shri Shah Nawaz Khan had admitted that he had brought part of the demolished monument and left it in his Rawalpindi house. Shri Guha requested the Government to send Shri Shah Nawaz Khan to his home so that those parts of the demolished martyrs' memorial that he brought from Singapore can be brought to India and reconstructed in a martyrs' memorial in honour of the INA, somewhere in the heart of Delhi.



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Lord Mountbatten received a report from the British mission in China that Netaji Subhas Bose did not die in the plane crash. Then the British intelligence sent a report to Mountbatten that he escaped. If the full diary of Lord Mountbatten could be obtained many more startling things would have come to light (Ibid).

- (xi) Shri Guha said that another ~~ticklish~~ thing came before the Khosla and Shah Nawaz Commissions and added: "It was an intelligence report to the Government of India that the Russian Ambassador in Kabul and a Russian Vice-Consul in Tehran, both of them publicly admitted in 1946 that Netaji Subhas Bose reached Moscow. This was a report of our Intelligence Wing to the Government of India that was sent from Kabul and Tehran. That is on record and it is with the Khosla Commission as well as the Shah Nawaz Commission. I would request that Hon. Minister to find out whether it can be had from the Government of USSR as to what actually happened because it has been admitted both by Shah Nawaz Commission as well as Khosla Commission that the destination of Netaji was Russia.



Indrajit Singh,  
Deputy Secretary (PAF)

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No. PAF/125/8/77-Pt,

August 23, 1977.

Dear Shri Khanna,

*not on file*

Please refer to Coordination Division's circular No. AA/125/40/77, dated 23 July 1977, addressed to Ambassador/High Commissioners regarding Shri Samar Guha's desire to perpetuate the memory of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose. In this connection, he indicated that Shri Shah Nawaz Khan, former Deputy Minister of Railways had admitted that he had brought part of the demolished INA martyrs memorial monument from Singapore which had been built in Singapore by Netaji in 1945 and demolished by Mountbatten. According to Shri Guha, Shri Nawaz Khan had left it in his Rawalpindi house. Shri Guha has requested Government to send Shri Nawaz Khan to his house so that parts of the demolished monument can be brought back to India and reconstructed in honour of the INA in the heart of Delhi.

2. You are requested to make discreet enquiries whether Shri Shah Nawaz Khan has indeed a house in Rawalpindi which continues to be in his possession and if so, whether it has any ~~remains~~ <sup>remains</sup> of the monuments brought back from Singapore after all these years.

Yours sincerely,

*12*

(Indrajit Singh)

Shri C.P. Khanna,  
First Secretary (Inf.),  
Embassy of India,  
Islamabad.

*9*

*PR. issue*

*Sh 20M*

*24/8/77*

*Issued  
24/8*





K. Doshi  
Counsellor

भारत का राजदूतावास  
इस्लामाबाद.  
EMBASSY OF INDIA,  
ISLAMABAD.

No. ISL/COUNS/1446/77

November 3, 1977

My dear *Indu,*

Please refer to your letter No. PAF/125/8-77-Pt dated August 23, 1977, the Coordination Division's circular No. AA/125/40/77 dated the 23rd July 1977 and the Coordination Division's subsequent reminder of even number dated the 6th October 1977, regarding the perpetuation of the memory of Netaji.

2. On Monday the 31st October 1977, I met Mr. Najmuddin Shaikh in some other connection. I reminded him about our proposal to construct a memorial for Netaji at Peshawar. He said that the matter has been considered but he regrets that the Government of Pakistan cannot accede to the same. I did not press him for amplification.

3. I have also made discreet enquiries about the recovery of those parts of the demolished martyrs' memorial that Shri Shah Nawaz Khan reportedly installed in his Rawalpindi house. So far I have been able to come up with nothing. If you want me to make any worthwhile enquiries, you will have to send me further details, e.g., the precise address, etc.

4. I am endorsing a copy of this letter to the Coordination Division also.

*Best wishes*

Yours sincerely,

*K. Doshi*  
(K. Doshi)

Shri Indrajit Singh,  
Deputy Secretary (Pak-Iraf),  
Ministry of External Affairs,  
New Delhi.

*Submitted please.*

*amr*  
15/11

*we could may take leave for*  
*accepting x*  
*23. 16/11*  
*US (Court) 24/11*

*DS (Pak-Iraf)*

*29/11*



7

Ministry of External Affairs  
(East Asia Division)

Placed below is a copy of the Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 2286 and the answer given in the Lok Sabha sitting of 1st December, 1977. The question relates to bringing back part of INA Martyr Monument from the Rawalpindi residence of Shri Shah Nawaz Khan.

2. Part (b) of the question relates to replies given in Lok Sabha to questions on the same matter replied in 1974-75 by Ministry of Home Affairs. Copies of questions and replies given on December 19, 1973, 20th March 1974 and 9th April, 1975 on this matter are also enclosed for your reference. As would be cleared from the replies given in 1974-75, stand taken by the Government has been that efforts to trace & bring back the part of INA Martyr Memorial in Singapore taken to ~~us~~ his Rawalpindi residence by Shri Shah Nawaz Khan can be initiated only after relations with Pakistan have been normalised. Shri Samar Guha, who had ~~xxxx~~ put up earlier questions also, has now raised the question of bringing back part of INA Martyr Monument from Rawalpindi again.

3. Following the references that were made by Shri Samar Guha on matters relating to collection of monuments, documents and other material relating to Netaji's life abroad, Coordination Division had sent a circular letter to number of our Embassies, including our Embassy in Islamabad, requesting them to collect information on the subject. According to the replies received from our Embassy in Islamabad, no progress has yet been made in tracing the part of monument in Rawalpindi. This position is reflected in the reply given to part (c) of the question answered on 1st December, 1977.

4. In view of the answer given to part (c) of the question, it is possible that Members of Parliament might raise more questions about action taken in this regard by the Government. It is requested that Pakistan Division/Coordination Division may take necessary action to pursue the matter further in coordination with our Embassy in Islamabad and Ministry of Home Affairs.

Pravesh Chandra  
(Pravesh Chandra)  
Under Secretary (FE)  
5.12.1977

Separate  
copies.

1. Shri Inderjit Singh, D.S.(Pak-af), MEA, New Delhi.
2. US (Coordination).

pl. prepare an up to date report on  
action taken to bring back the monument  
from our correspondence with EI. Islamabad &  
EI Kabul & so that further action can  
be taken.

S-O / ref Discussed with D.S. (Pak-af). It is  
being dealt with by Coordination Division. Action is not  
yet complete. Their file no. AA/125/40/77 refers. Akinjau  
20/2/78



UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2286

LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2286

TO BE ANSWERED ON 1ST DECEMBER, 1977

BRINGING BACK PARTS OF I.N.A. MARTYR MONUMENT

2286. SHRI SAMAR GUHA:

Will the Minister of External Affairs विदेश मंत्री  
be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Shah Nawaz Khan admitted before the Khosla Commission that parts of the INA Martyr Monument that was demolished under orders of Admiral Mountbatten soon after reoccupation of Singapore, were brought to India by him from Singapore;
- (b) whether it was admitted in the Lok Sabha in reply to a question that the broken parts of the I.N.A. Monument have been preserved in the Rawalpindi residence of Shah Nawaz Khan and because of lack of diplomatic relation with Pakistan at that time those parts could not be brought back to India; and
- (c) if so, whether Government will take necessary steps now to bring back the sacred relics of I.N.A. Monument from the Rawalpindi residence of Shah Nawaz Khan?

.....

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

(SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU) विदेश मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री

- (A) Yes, Sir.
- (b) In replies to questions in the Lok Sabha on 20.3.1974 and 9.4.1975 it was stated that Shri Shah Nawaz Khan had informed that a small piece of the Memorial plaque of the Shaheed Memorial of the Azad Hind Fauj came in his possession in 1946, and that he had left this portion of the plaque with his family members in Rawalpindi. Later on his family members had to migrate to India. As the replies were given between 1971-1975 when diplomatic relations with Pakistan were broken, it was also added that efforts to trace the relic and to bring it back to India will be initiated only after relations with Pakistan are normalised.
- (c) Government is in touch with our Embassy in Islamabad.

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1 दिसम्बर, 1977 - - - 10 अगस्त, 1899 (रक)

को लोक सभा को देखा में उत्तर दिए जाने के लिए

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आजाद हिन्द फौज शाहीद सारक के अवशेष वापस लाना

प्रश्न संख्या-2286

श्री हरि गुप्त ?

क्या विदेश मंत्री यह बताने को कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या शाहनवाज खां ने सोसला आयोग के समुदाय स्वीकार किया था कि सिंगापुर पर आजाद हिन्द फौज के ठीक बाद एडमिरल माउन्टबेटन के आदेशों से ढाल गए आजाद हिन्द फौज सारक के अवशेष उनके द्वारा सिंगापुर से भारत वापस लाने गए थे ;

(ख) क्या लोक सभा के एक प्रश्न के उत्तर में यह स्वीकार किया गया कि आजाद हिन्द फौज सारक के अवशेष शाहनवाज खां के रावलीपिंडी स्थित निवास स्थान पर सुरक्षित हैं और पाकिस्तान के साथ उस समय राजनीतिक संबंध न होने के कारण उन अवशेषों को भारत वापस नहीं लाया जा सका ; और

(ग) यदि हाँ, तो क्या सरकार शाहनवाज खां के रावलीपिंडी स्थित निवास स्थान से आजाद हिन्द फौज सारक के पवित्र अवशेषों को अब भारत लाने के लिए कदम उठाएगी ?

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विदेश राज्य मंत्री

विदेश राज्य मंत्री

जी हाँ ।



लोक सभा

अंतराक्षित प्रश्न संख्या-2286

(ब) 20-3-1974 और 9-4-1975 को लोक सभा में प्रश्नों के उत्तर में यह बताया गया था कि श्री शाहनवाज खाँ ने यह सूचना दी थी कि आज़ाद हिन्द फौज के शहीद स्मारक की स्मृति पत्थर का एक छोटा सा टुकड़ा 1946 में उन्हें प्राप्त हुआ था और उन्होंने पत्थर का यह टुकड़ा रावलपिंडी में अपने परिवार के पास छोड़ दिया था। बाद में उनके परिवार के सदस्यों को भारत आना पड़ा था। चूँकि ये उत्तर 1971-1975 के बीच दिये गये थे जबकि पाकिस्तान के साथ राजनयिक संबंध टूटे हुए थे, इसलिए यह भी कहा गया था कि पाकिस्तान के साथ संबंध सामान्य हो जाने के बाद इन अवशेषों को खोजने और इन्हें भारत वापस लाने के लिए प्रयत्न शुरू किये जाएंगे।

(ग) सरकार इस्लामाबाद स्थित अपने राजदूतवास के साथ संपर्क करे

रही है।

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Ministry of External Affairs  
(East Asia Division)

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Pieces of INA Martyr monument of Singapore  
brought to pre-Independent India.

Date - December 19, 1973.

5497 - Shri Samar Guha - Will the Minister of Home  
Affairs be pleased to state -

/Inquiry

(a) whether Shri Shah Nawaz Khan said during his  
deposition before the Netaji/~~Inquiring~~ Commission that  
he brought back to pre-Independent India the pieces of  
the INA Martyrs Monument from Singapore which was  
demolished by the British Army;

(b) whether he further said that those materials  
have been left in his house at Rawalpindi;

(c) if so, whether Govt. would make efforts to  
bring to India those sacred pieces of the INA Martyrs  
monuments so as to re-assemble them or preserve them in  
a museum in India as historic relics of our freedom  
struggle; and

(d) if no, the reasons therefor?

The Minister of State in the Ministry of Home  
Affairs and in the Department of Personnel (Shri Ram  
Niwas Mirdha):

(a) & (b) - It is learnt from the Secretariat  
of the Commission that such evidence was tendered before  
the Commission.

(c) & (d) - The suggestion will require further  
examination.

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Ministry of External Affairs  
(East Asia Division)

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Lok Sabha Question No.3939 answered on 20.3.74

....

Samar Guha - Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No.5497 on 19.12.73 and state -

(a) the details about the parts of INA martyr Monument brought by Shri Shah Nawaz Khan from Singapore to India, the place where they have been kept and the steps taken by Govt. for their preservation and re-erection of INA memorial with those parts; and

(b) whether Govt. have taken steps to restore parts of the sacred INA memorials and preserve ~~thaxix~~ them in a befitting manner and with due national honour?

Reply by DM of Home Affairs (Shri F.H. Mohsin) - (a) & (b) - Shri Shah Nawaz Khan has informed that a small piece of the memorial plaque of the Shahid Memorial of the Azad Hind Fauz, the foundation of which was laid by Netaji S.C. Bose in 1945 came in his possession in 1946, and that he had left this portion of the plaque with his family members in Rawalpindi. Later on, his family members had to migrate to India. Efforts to trace and to bring it back to India can be initiated only after relations with Pakistan have been normalised.

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Ministry of External Affairs  
(East Asia Division)

Parts of INA Memorial Monument of Singapore.

.....

Date - April 9, 1975

5606. - Shri Samar Guha: Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) whether fresh effort will be made to bring the parts of INA Memorial Monument that was dedicated in memory of martyrs who sacrificed their lives in the war of Indian independence by Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose at Singapore and subsequently destroyed by the British;

(b) whether Shah Nawaz Khan brought parts of this demolished memorial and left them in his Rawalpindi home;

(c) whether these remnants of the demolished carry the memory of unified struggle of all communities of united India and unified suffering and sacrifice;

(d) whether these invaluable historic materials of suffering, sacrifice, dedication and emotional integration of the martyrs will be brought to India for their preservation; and

(e) if so, steps likely to be taken in this regard?

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Home Affairs (Shri F.H. Mohsin): (a) to (e) - As already stated in reply to Unstarred Question No.3939 answered on 20th March, 1974 Shri Shah Nawaz Khan has informed that a small piece of the memorial plaque of the Shahid Memorial of the Azad Hind Fauj, the foundation of which was laid by Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose some time in 1945 came in his possession in 1946, and that he had left this portion of the plaque with his family members in Rawalpindi. Later on, his family members had to migrate to India. Efforts to trace the relic and to bring it back to India will be initiated only after relations with Pakistan are normalised.

.....



7400  
7/1  
MOST IMMEDIATE  
PARLIAMENT QUESTION

3964  
5-12-1978  
8  
MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS  
(Coordination Division)

No. AA/125/43/78

December 5, 1978. 9/12

Subject:- Lok Sabha provisional unstarred Question Dy.  
No. 7430 for 14.12.1978 by Prof. Samar Guha  
regarding collection of documents relating to  
Netaji.  
....

Reference enclosed copy of Lok Sabha Provisional  
Unstarred Question D.No. 7430 for 14.12.1978 by Prof. Samar  
Guha regarding collection of documents relating to Netaji.

2. Territorial Divisions are requested kindly  
to supply information relating to part (b) and (c) of the  
Question to the Coordination Division latest by 8th  
December, 1978.

*(Signature)*  
(V.P. Sharma)  
Attache (Coordination)

PMF/125/8/2261  
JS (EE)

JS (EW)

JS (N&EA)

JS (S)

✓ JS (Pak-Info)

*(Signature)*  
5.12.78.

JS (Pak-Info)

Pakistan Division

we have also received a similar question No. 7430  
worded differently. The question has not yet been  
admitted. Pbs. are placed below.

*(Signature)*  
8.12.78

JS (Pak-Info) has seen

US (Pak) 1

spoke to coord. they have some  
information regarding Afghanistan.  
they  
8.12.78.

US (Pak) 1

(X)  
J/125/169/78

J/125/8/72(1)

52. Jm  
30/12



QUESTION FOR THE LOK SABHA - ADMITTED  
PROVISIONAL UNSTARRED.

Dy. No. 7430

EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

14.12.1978

COLLECTION OF DOCUMENTS RELATING TO NETAJI  
PROF. SAMAR GUHA

Will the Minister of External Affairs be pleased to  
state:-

- (a) whether Minister of External Affairs promised in the Lok Sabha that every effort will be made for collection of documents and other materials connected with the activities of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose in countries like Japan, Burma, Malaya, Singapore, Thailand and other South East Asian countries and in Germany, Italy and other European countries, where Netaji had his activities;
- (b) if so, the facts about the steps taken by the Government in this regard; and
- (c) documents and other material so far collected about Netaji's activities in foreign countries?



24/134-DS (Pakist) 78  
Indrajit Singh,  
Deputy Secretary(Pak-Iraf).

No.

5/125/128/78

December 18, 1978.

My dear

Please refer to the correspondence resting with  
Kiran Doshi's letter No. ISL/COUNS/1446/77, dated  
November 3, 1977.

2. We are answering a Parliament Question whether  
Government have succeeded in locating the place where  
Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose stayed in Pakistan in the  
course of his historic escape from India to Germany.  
While your letter No. ISL/COUNS/1386/77, dated October 20,  
1977, had replied Coordination Division's circular  
indicating that it has been orally conveyed to Pakistan  
that Government were considering installation of a  
plaque at the place in Peshawar where Netaji stayed, it  
is not clear from this letter whether the place where  
he stayed in Peshawar is precisely known or not. In  
response to the Parliament question, we are replying  
that the location in Pakistan where he may have stayed  
is being ascertained. If any authentic information is  
available with you, kindly let us have it to liquidate  
the Assurance and if not, please make urgent efforts to  
obtain it.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

(INDRAJIT SINGH)

Shri S.K. Lambah,  
Counsellor,  
Embassy of India,  
Islamabad.





D. No. 4194  
Dated 29.12.1978  
US (Pakaf)/78

S.K. Lambah  
Counsellor.

No. ISL/321/6/77

Secret.

भारत का राजदूतावास  
482-एफ, सेक्टर जी-6/4,  
इस्लामाबाद.

EMBASSY OF INDIA,  
482 - F, Sector G - 6/4,  
ISLAMABAD.

101 42-349/5/78  
Date 6/1/79  
US (pakaf. pol.)/79  
December 26, 1978

Dear Indrajit,

I have to-day received your letter No. J/125/129/78 dated December 18, 1978 in which you have referred to our letter No. ISL/COUNS/1386/77 dated October 20, 1977. It appears that you have not seen the subsequent correspondence on the subject namely (i) letter No. ISL/COUNS/1446/77 dated November 3, 1977 from Kiran Doshi to you but acknowledged by Leila Ponappa vide her (ii) letter No. J/125/35/78 dated June 16, 1978 to Kiran Doshi from Leila Ponappa; and (iii) Kiran Doshi's letter No. ISL/321/6/77 dated June 26, 1978. You will find that the Director-General in the Pakistan Foreign Office had told Kiran Doshi that it was not possible for the Government of Pakistan to accede to our request for installation of a plaque at the place in Peshwar where Netaji stayed. I find from the papers that at no time had we been asked to ascertain the exact place where Netaji stayed in Peshawar as presumably that was already known. In case you need any further information, please let us know.

smr (4)  
L.F.

smr (9)  
L.F.

Please brief me on this

Dr  
29/12

Best wishes

Yours sincerely,

Sankar Lamb

( S.K. Lambah )

Shri Indrajit Singh,  
Deputy Secretary (Pak-Iraf),  
Ministry of External Affairs,  
New Delhi.

US (PAK)

Pl. put up 14/12

Pakistan

30/12

smr (4) 6/1

Recd on 9.1.79.

Pbs but ch.  
tdy  
9.1.79.

US (Pak) P



## LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.3567

TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 14TH DEC., 1978

INA MEMORIAL MONUMENT3567. PROFESSOR SAMAR GUHA:

Will the Minister of External Affairs विदेश मंत्री  
be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Mr. Shah Nawaz Khan, a former Minister of the earlier Government admitted in reply to a question in the Parliament as also in the course of deposition before the Khosla Commission that the parts of the INA memorial monument that was demolished by the British Army at Singapore are lying at his Rawalpindi residence in Pakistan;
- (b) whether he expressed his inability also to bring back those sacred relics of Azad Hind Revolution under the leadership of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose because of earlier lack of diplomatic relations between India and Pakistan;
- (c) whether Government would take steps with the help of Shri Shah Nawaz Khan to bring back those sacred relics of our freedom struggle as now normal diplomatic relations and communications exist between India and Pakistan; and
- (d) if so, the steps proposed to be taken by Government?

.....

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS:  
(SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU) विदेश राज्य मंत्री

(a)&(b) As stated in reply to earlier questions answered in the Lok Sabha on 20.3.1974, 9.4.1975, 1.12.1977 and 9.3.1978, Shri Shah Nawaz Khan had informed that a small piece of the Memorial plaque of the Shaheed Memorial of the Azad Hind Fauj came in his possession in 1946 and that he had left this portion of the plaque with his family members in Rawalpindi. Later on, his family members had to migrate to India. As the replies were given between 1971-1975 when diplomatic relations with Pakistan were broken, it was also added that



efforts to trace the relic and to bring it back to India will be initiated only after relations with Pakistan are normalised.

(c)&(d) Government have taken steps with the help of Shri Shah Nawaz Khan to trace the portion of the plaque. However, the efforts of the Government in this direction have not succeeded so far. These efforts are continuing.

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